
ERRATUM

Volatile Organic Compounds as Signals in a Plant–Herbivore System: Electrophysiological Responses in Olfactory Sensilla of the Moth *Cactoblastis cactorum*

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Regrettably, several errors occurred in this article, and the following should have run as presented below:

Page 58-59:

In all cases, the cell with the smaller spike amplitude responded to several 14-carbon acetates and to (9*E*,11*E*)-tetradecadienylaldehyde, with the strongest responses being elicited by (9*Z*,12*E*)-14:Ac.

Page 60, Table 4:

Animal F9, Sensillum t3, response to geraniol should be marked with “–”, which means strong inhibition.

Page 65, 1st sentence:

The cell with the larger spike amplitude responded weakly to (10*Z*,12*Z*)-tetradecadienol, (10*E*,12*E*)-tetradecadienol and (10*E*,12*Z*)-tetradecadienol.